

# KR Tutor

English and Math Notes (15<sup>th</sup> Edition)

Parts of speech:

Part	Definition

Independent Clause:

Dependent Clause:

Commas:

- Comma Splice/Run-on-

Ways to fix:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

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Commas continued...

- Comma before a conjunction-
- Commas vs Dashes-

Semi-Colon:

Colon:

FANBOYS: Major conjunctions:

Sentence Reorganization:

Its vs. It's vs. Its'

Verb Conjugation:

Apostrophes:

- Nouns-
- Pronouns-

Pronoun questions:

Who vs Whom: Start with pronoun strategy (look for antecedent)

## SUBJECT VERB OBJECT

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Contrasting words and punctuation:  
(however, instead, though)

Affect vs effect:

Could of/might of/should of/would of/must of:

Then vs. Than:

Transition Word Notes:

Addition: Used to add information	Similarly, also, moreover, in addition, additionally, and**, furthermore, likewise, by the same token
Introduction/Example/Comparison	Such as, for example, for instance, to illustrate, in other words, namely, that is, specifically
Contrasting	But**, however, instead, though, while, whereas, on the other hand, nevertheless, despite, yet**, conversely, regardless, although, even so, still, rather, nonetheless
Cause and effect	Because**, since, for**, just as, consequently, therefore, thus, so**, accordingly, as a result, hence
Time and Sequence	Then, meanwhile, afterward, finally, eventually, subsequently, before, thereafter
'Indeed' is used for emphasis or confirmation	conjunction**

## Math Notes

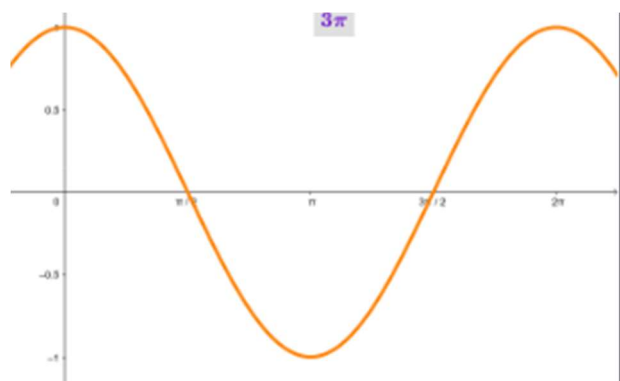
### Rational/Irrational numbers

### Graphing a circle (conics)

$$(x - h)^2 + (y - k)^2 = r^2$$

$$(x - 3)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 25$$

### Period and Amplitude of Sine/Cosine graphs



### Rationalizing/Conjugate

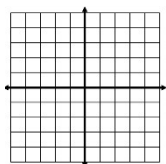
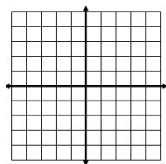
$$\frac{5}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\frac{1}{3 - \sqrt{2}}$$

**Solving Absolute Value Equations/inequalities**

$$|x-2|+6=10$$

$$|2x - 5| \leq 7$$

**Inequality graphs** $y >$  $y <$ **Linear Functions:**

- Slope:
- Slope-intercept form:

**Systems of linear functions:**

Infinite solutions-

One solution-

No solutions-

**Stacking Probability**

## Quadratics

Standard Form:

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

Vertex Form:

$$f(x) = a(x - h)^2 + k$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Difference of squares

$$a^2 - b^2$$

Completing the square

$$x^2 + 6x - 8 = 0$$

Adding fractions with expressions as denominators

$$\text{Add: } \frac{2}{x - 5} + \frac{x - 23}{x^2 - x - 20}$$

Radians/Degrees:

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Exponential Growth/Decay:

New Amount

$$A = P(1 + r)^t$$

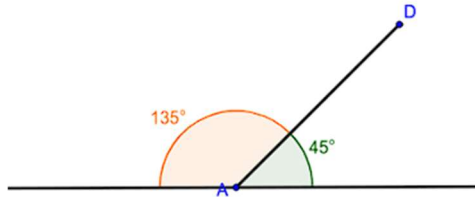
time

Principal Amount  
(starting amount)

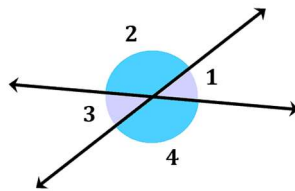
rate (as a decimal)

Triangle Toolbox:

- All three angles of a triangle add up to 180
- Flat lines add up to 180



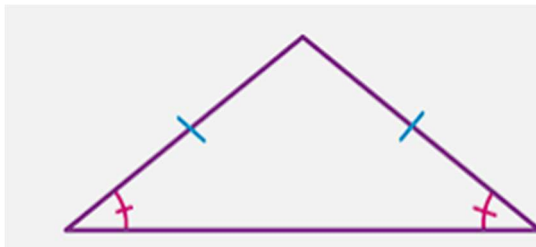
- Vertical Angles are congruent



$$\angle 1 \cong \angle 3$$

$$\angle 2 \cong \angle 4$$

- The equal sides of an isosceles triangle have equal angles



Logarithms:

$$b^x = a \Leftrightarrow \log_b a = x$$

Argument

base

$$\log_5 1 = y$$

$$\log_y 32 = 5$$

$$\log_2 8 = y$$

$$\log_9 y = -\frac{1}{2}$$

Distance Formula-

$$\sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

Mid-point Formula

$$\left( \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right)$$


Law of Sines/Cosines

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos(C)$$

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Concept	Formula (Fill In)
Distance Midpoint	
Slope A.k.a- Rate of change, rise/fall	
Quadratic Formula	
Standard Form Quadratic Vertex Form	
Discriminant	
Parabola Midline (Axis of Symmetry) X-value of the vertex	
Rectangle Area Rectangular Prism Volume Pyramid Volume	
Diagonals of a Polygon Sum of interior angles of a Polygon	

Circle Area Sector Area	
Circle Circumference Arc Length	
Triangle Area Volume of Triangular Prism	
Cylinder Volume Cone Volume	
Special Right Triangles	 <p>The diagram shows two right-angled triangles. The first is a 45-45-90 triangle with a right angle at the bottom-left, and 45-degree angles at the top and bottom-right. The two legs are marked with single tick marks, indicating they are equal in length. The second is a 30-60-90 triangle with a right angle at the bottom-right, a 30-degree angle at the bottom-left, and a 60-degree angle at the top-right.</p>
Law of Sines	
Law of Cosines	
Arithmetic Sequence Geometric Sequence	